

### 3558. INSECTS WHICH MAY BE IMPORTED OR SHIPPED INTO OR WITHIN CALIFORNIA WITHOUT A PERMIT.

Section 6305 of the Food and Agricultural Code requires persons to obtain a permit from the director or the United States Department of Agriculture to import into, or ship or transport within, the state live insects except for certain exemptions. One of these exemptions is for beneficial or useful insects of common occurrence in the state. To identify which beneficial insects do not require a permit to import into, or ship or transport within, the state the following lists are provided. However, as with all insect shipments they shall be rejected when the insects are moved in conjunction with host plants or other host organisms when such hosts would normally be rejected if moving independently.

#### A. Insects for which a permit is not required.

1. Alderflies, dobsonflies (*Megaloptera*)
2. Alkali bees (*Nomia melanderi*)
3. Almond moth (*Cadra cautella*)
4. American cockroach (*Periplaneta americana*)
5. Angelwinged katydid (*Microcentrum rhombifolium*)
6. Angoumois grain moth (*Sitotroga cerealella*)
7. Anise swallowtail (*Papilio zelicaon*)
8. Black cutworm (*Agrotis ipsilon*)
9. Caddisflies (*Trichoptera*)
10. Cat flea (*Ctenocephalides felis*)
11. Chinese mantid (*Tenodera aridifolia sinensis*)
12. Cigarette beetle (*Lasioderma serricorne*)
13. Codling moth (*Cydia pomonella*)
14. Common black field cricket (*Gryllus* sp.)
15. Confused flour beetle (*Tribolium confusum*)
16. Convergent ladybird beetle (*Hippodamia convergens*)
17. Corn earworm (*Helicoverpa zea*)
18. Damselflies, dragonflies (*Odonata*)
19. Darkling beetles (*Eleodes* spp.)
20. Dermestid beetles (*Anthrenus flavipes*, *Anthrenus scrophulariae*, *Attagenus megatoma*)
21. Diamondback moth (*Plutella xylostella*)
22. Dog flea (*Ctenocephalides canis*)
23. Embiids (*Embioptera*)
24. European earwig (*Forficula auricularia*)
25. European mantid (*Mantis religiosa*)
26. Fall armyworm (*Spodoptera frugiperda*)
27. Firebrat (*Thermobia domestica*)
28. Flesh fly (*Sarcophaga haemorrhoidalis*)
29. German cockroach (*Blatella germanica*)
30. Green lacewing (*Chrysopa carnea*)
31. Greenhouse thrips (*Heliothrips haemorrhoidalis*)
32. Greenhouse whitefly (*Trialeurodes vaporariorum*)
33. Harlequin bug (*Murgantia histrionica*)
34. Harvester ants (*Pogonomyrmex californicus*)
35. House cricket (*Acheta domesticus*)
36. House fly (*Musca domestica*)
37. Human flea (*Pulex irritans*)
38. Imported cabbage butterfly (*Artogeia rapae*)
39. Indian meal moth (*Plodia interpunctella*)
40. Jerusalem crickets (*Stenopelmatus* spp.)
41. Large milkweed bug (*Oncopeltus fasciatus*)
42. Leaf cutter bees (*Megachile rotundata*)
43. Little house fly (*Fannia canicularis*)
44. Mayflies (*Ephemeroptera*)
45. Meal moth (*Pyralis farinalis*)
46. Mealworms (*Tenebrio molitor* and *T. obscurus*)
47. Mealybug destroyer (*Cryptolaemus montrouzieri*)
48. Mediterranean flour moth (*Anagasta kuehniella*)
49. Mourning cloak butterfly (*Nymphalis antiopa*)
50. Naval orangeworm (*Amyelois transitella*)
51. Orange dog butterfly (*Papilio cresphontes*)
52. Oriental cockroach (*Blatta orientalis*)
53. Painted lady butterfly (*Vanessa cardui*)
54. Polyphemus silkworm (*Antheraea polyphemus*)
55. Pomace fly (*Drosophila melanogaster*)
56. Potato tuberworm (*Phthorimaea operculella*)
57. Red admiral butterfly (*Vanessa atalanta*)
58. Silkworm (*Bombyx mori*)
59. Silverfish (*Lepisma saccharina*)
60. Small milkweed bug (*Lygaeus kalmii*)
61. Stoneflies (*Plecoptera*)
62. Tobacco hornworm (*Manduca sexta*)
63. Tomato hornworm (*Manduca quinquemaculata*)
64. Water striders (*Gerris* spp.)
65. Waterbugs (*Belostomatidae*)
66. Wax worm or bee moth (*Galleria mellonella*)
67. Zorapterans (*Zoraptera*)

**B. Groups of insects for which a permit is not required when the insect species under consideration is of common occurrence in California.**

1. Predacious species of beetles of the family Coccinellidae.
2. Predacious species of flies of the family Syrphidae.
3. Predacious species of Neuropterous insects of the family Chrysopidae.
4. Parasitic species of flies of the family Tachinidae.
5. Parasitic species of Hymenopterous insects of the families: Ichneumonidae, Braconidae, Aphelinidae, Chalcididae, Scelionidae, and Trichogrammatidae.
6. Insects that have been introduced and previously released in California for biological control of insect, weed, or other types of pests.